Case 2:05-cv-00630-MCE-GGH Document 1 FONGRIGHT RESERVOS Page 1 of 16:00 9163699760 01/04/2005 Etan E. Rosen (SBN 173728) THE LAW OFFICES OF BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN C4 DEC 15 AM U: 33 A Professional Law Corporation LEGAL PROCESS #1 3230 Ramos Circle Sacramento, CA 95827 Telephone: (916) 369-9750 Telecopier: (916) 369-9760 Attorney for Plaintiff, 5 BRANDY HASTINGS 6 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO 9 10 Case No. 04AS05024 **BRANDY HASTINGS** 11 COMPLAINT FOR: 12 Plaintiff, Discrimination, Harassment, and 1. BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN A Professional Law Corporation 3230 Ramas Cucle Retaliation in Violation of 13 California Government Code §§ Sacramento, CA 95 (916) 369-9750 12920, 1240, et Seq. GTECH, Corporation, and DOES 1 through 14 Wrongful Termination in Violation 50, inclusive, of Public Policy 15 Breach of Express Contract 3. Defendant. Breach of Implied-In-Fact Promise 16 Not To Terminate But For Good Cause 17 Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing 18 Fraud and Deceit: False Promise 6. Intentional Misrepresentation 19 7. Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress 20 21 22 Plaintiff alleges as follows: GENERAL ALLEGATIONS 23 Plaintiff BRANDY HASTINGS (hereinafter "Plaintiff") is, and at all times herein 24 mentioned was, an individual residing in the State of California, County of Sacramento, and was 25 at all relevant times herein mentioned employed with GTECH, INC.. 26 Defendant GTECH, Corporation, (hereinafter "GTECH"), is and at all times 27 2. 28 COMPLAINT

EXHIBIT A

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beyer, pomgratz & rosen

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01/04/2005 Case 2:05-51-309320 MCE-GGH Documental Pandrided 03/28/05 Page 2 of \$60E 03

mentioned herein was a corporation, doing business in the County of Sacramento, in the State of California.

- Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as 3. DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, and therefore sues these Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the fictitiously named Defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and Plaintiff's damages.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that, at all times 4. herein mentioned, the Defendants, and each of them, were the agents, servants and employees of their Co-Defendants, and in doing the things hereinafter alleged were acting within the course and scope of their authority as such agents, servants, and employees, and with the permission and consent of their Co-Defendants.
- The acts and omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's causes of action occurred in the 5. County of Sacramento, State of California as did the other acts complained herein.
- Plaintiff commenced employment with GTECH on November 20, 2000 as an 6. Administrative Assistant in the Control Room, while working double duty in the Human Resources Department beginning in September 2001, and remained in those positions until terminated on May 10, 2004. Plaintiff also served as Security Coordinator though her official title did not reflect her duties. Plaintiff was not given a reason for her termination. From her hire date until she was suddenly terminated without warning, Plaintiff reported to Don Sevilla (until September 1, 2001), Cyndi Paul, Scott Gunn, and Tom Demy. During this time period, Plaintiff successfully performed her job duties and requested and was given additional duties.
- Plaintiff alleges that Defendants created immediately upon the commencement of her employment a workplace environment permeated with overt and subtle sexual comments, innuendos, and remarks. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants maintained a deeplyentrenched workplace environment wherefore female employees were inherently

subordinate, where management encouraged and participated in berating and defaming of employees, and where violations of personal and legal rights were commonplace. Defendants also created a quid pro quo workplace wherein Plaintiff's future employment opportunities were hinged upon her acquiescence to Defendants' improper, inappropriate and offensive treatment. Despite successfully learning and fulfilling the duties, and despite her excellent job performance, Plaintiff alleges that she was singled out and treated differently in an extreme, outrageous, inappropriate, hostile and offensive manner by Defendants.

### Don Sevilla:

8. Plaintiff alleges that on or about January 18, 2001, approximately two months after her hire date Plaintiff was asked by Tonya Poley, Human Resources Representative, whether she was picking up supervisor Don Sevilla's dry cleaning. Plaintiff informed Poley that Plaintiff would not do that. Approximately two weeks later on January 30, 2001, Don Sevilla called Plaintiff into his office where he remarked to Plaintiff that he could see her nipples. Plaintiff was shocked and sickened at the comment made to her by a manager and she responded to him that the comment made her uncomfortable and that she considered it to be sexual harassment. Plaintiff was further shocked as she was wearing a turtleneck sweater at the time the comment was made and contends that the comment had no basis of truth. Plaintiff reported the incident to her superiors. Plaintiff's supervisor, Cyndi Paul informed Plaintiff that this was not the first time Don Sevilla had made inappropriate comments to female employees.

#### Scott Gunn:

9. Plaintiff alleges that Scott Gunn (hereinafter referred to as "Gunn"), the Deputy Accounts General Manager and Plaintiff's superior, intimidated, mistreated, and retaliated against employees on a regular basis. Gunn abused his position of authority by subjecting employees, in particular female employees, to inappropriate and offensive topics and materials. Plaintiff contends that Gunn received a subscription to Playboy magazine at the office where it had to first go through the desks of female employees. Plaintiff was offended on one occasion when she was forced to open the mail and deliver Gunn his magazine. Further, Plaintiff

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felt that Gunn's motives for having the magazine delivered to the office instead of his home was specifically to make the female employees feel uncomfortable and inferior. Gunn was also well known for screaming and berating employees who he felt did not submit to his demands. Plaintiff was also subjected to his mistreatment on numerous occasions. On one occasion Gunn requested from Plaintiff that she acquire reduced price theme park tickets for him from the military base where Plaintiff's husband worked. Plaintiff informed Gunn that she would not do that. Plaintiff contends that Gunn was offended at the fact that she did not acquiesce to his demands and as a result, she became a specific target of his demeaning, aggressive, and retaliatory behavior. As part of his retaliatory behavior, Gunn requested review of Plaintiff's reimbursement expenses, calling her expense account "suspicious".

- On January 7, 2003, Plaintiff noticed that her vehicle which was parked on the 10. company parking lot had been severely scratched. The scratch was on the drivers side of the vehicle, it spanned from the front panel to the back door, and was deeply embedded down to the metal of the vehicle. Plaintiff recognized that the car had been "keyed" and, as a result of the increasing and overwhelming hostility that Scott Gunn displayed toward her, she suspected that he could be responsible. Plaintiff decided to review the security tapes to find out what had happened to her vehicle. Plaintiff alleges that Gunn barged into the security office, yelled at her that she had no right to review the security tapes, and did not allow her to review the security tapes. Gunn's exceedingly hostile and questionable behavior frightened Plaintiff and increased her suspicions as to Gunn's involvement in the incident.
- Plaintiff spoke to the Account General Manager, Dan McKinzey about the 11. incident with her vehicle. McKinzey informed Plaintiff that GTECH would pay for the damages to the vehicle and that she should get three estimates for repair. Plaintiff did this, though she did not receive reimbursement for the damage.
- On March 5, 2003, Plaintiff had a performance review conducted by Scott Gunn. Plaintiff alleges that the meeting was tense and that Gunn became very hostile when she was not intimidated by his line of questioning. Gunn attempted to belittle Plaintiff and undermine her

abilities and qualifications. Gunn asked Plaintiff why she did not have a college degree and proceeded to tell Plaintiff that she was "uneducated", and that "any degree was better than none, even if it was in underwater basket-weaving". Plaintiff felt humiliated and frustrated for being subjected to Gunn's intimidation tactics. In addition, Plaintiff later learned that Gunn had shared information about Plaintiff's evaluation with Tamara Fontana, a co-worker of Plaintiff's.

### Cyndi Paul:

- Paul's duties while Paul was away. Plaintiff was praised and congratulated by co-workers for the efficient and professional manner in which she handled the additional responsibilities. Upon Paul's return, Paul's demeanor and attitude toward Plaintiff took a drastic downturn. Plaintiff contends that Paul felt threatened and hostile toward Plaintiff due to Plaintiff's successful execution of Paul's duties and due to the praise that Plaintiff was receiving.
- 14. Plaintiff contends that her supervisor Cyndi Paul made endless efforts to humiliate her, to berate her, and to make her look badly in front of others. On August 20, 2003, Plaintiff attended a company conference at Boca Raton, Florida, with Paul where they both attended a dinner of mixed company. Plaintiff contends various people at the dinner table started talking about weight loss though she did not actively participate in this topic of conversation. During this topic of conversation, Plaintiff contends that Paul was talking about the challenges of losing weight when she announced to the entire table, "Maybe we should just do like Brandy did and get a breast reduction." Plaintiff was shocked, humiliated, and at a loss for words. Plaintiff did not personally know the other men and women at the table and she did not want her personal information about the medical procedure shared. Furthermore, Plaintiff contends that Paul made the comment with the intention of humiliating Plaintiff and making her uncomfortable. At a conference in Tennessee, Paul repeated her actions and mentioned Plaintiff's breast reduction in front of strangers. Upon her return, Plaintiff informed Tom Demy, Human Resources Manager for the Western Region, about the hostility that was directed toward her at work. Demy denied

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- On January 6, 2004, Paul and Demy approached Plaintiff and told her that they 16. found out about comments her husband made to a very powerful person in the organization. The comments were in regard to some of the hostile and retaliatory treatment Plaintiff had received at work. Paul and Tom expressed disgust at the actions of Plaintiff's husband and regarded Plaintiff as a whistle-blower and told her, "We can never trust you again".
- Plaintiff went out on medical leave for anxiety and stress on or about February 11, 17. 2004. Plaintiff resumed work on March 1, 2004. On or about February 23, 2004, while Plaintiff was on medical leave, Paul told Plaintiff that she would be moving and re-arranging her office while she was away. After Plaintiff returned to work, she found a Dilbert cartoon left on her desk by Paul which depicted: Cathert, Evil Director of Human Resources saying, "Your position has been excessed, or as I prefer to say... I WILL TEAR THE FLESH FROM YOUR BONES!!!" At approximately the same time, Plaintiff was informed through e-mail that she was replaced as

security coordinator and taken off the security team..

- McKeough, Corporate V.P. of Human Resources, Bruce Turner, CEO, Barbara Burns, Corporate Director of Human Resources, and Wanda Tanner, Western Region Human Resources Director, about the problems at GTECH dealing with Scott Gunn, Tom Demy and Cyndi Paul. This was after Plaintiff came across a written notice of her termination on April 29, 2004. Plaintiff believes that her termination, and the fashion in which she was terminated, was a direct result of those e-mails. Plaintiff contends that GTECH had never taken the unprecedented steps of deactivating badges or changing locks until an employee was informed of his or her termination. On or about May 10, 2004, Plaintiff was informed by Tom Demy via telephone that her termination date was moved forward because Plaintiff was upset. Plaintiff contends that this date change was taken to cover up the fact that her termination was as a direct result of her complaints to upper management.
- 19. On or about May 19, 2004, Plaintiff received a call from AIG, Insurance, about Plaintiff's disability claim for March. Plaintiff was informed by the AIG Representative that Cyndi Paul told them the only reason Plaintiff turned in the claim was because she was fired, and that Plaintiff had not reported the claim to Paul. In fact, Plaintiff had previously spoken to Carol Lebrecque, at Corporate Headquarters about the claim.

#### **Promotion**

20. In September 2001, Plaintiff was approached about assuming the responsibilities of Tonya Poley while that employee took a leave of absence for personal matters. Plaintiff, at that time, held the position of Administrative Assistant I. Though Plaintiff held the responsibilities of two positions, she was only paid for her position as Administrative Assistant and warned not to work overtime. Plaintiff was also informed by Tom Demy that she would be compensated approximately \$5,000 or more for her extra efforts. Despite her responsibilities, Plaintiff enjoyed her work and was willing and eager to cover for another employee in the position of Human Resources Coordinator. Plaintiff agreed to add a third position to her

responsibilities because she had an interest in advancing with the company and she believed that her hard work would be recognized and rewarded. Plaintiff remained in the position as Human Resources Coordinator when the employee who had taken leave did not return. Plaintiff did not receive compensation from Demy as promised. Plaintiff confronted him various times about the pay she had been promised and each time he refused to respond to her questions.

- 21. In September 2003, Paul informed Plaintiff that she could get promoted to HR Representative only after she received a Certificate of Human Resource Studies. Plaintiff was also guaranteed that the GTECH would reimburse her for the courses. As usual, Plaintiff was eager to excel and to advance herself in her career. For this reason, Plaintiff enrolled in and completed five online courses toward a Certificate of Human Resource Studies from Cornell's School of Industry and Labor Relations. Plaintiff was enrolled in six additional courses when she was terminated, and she was never reimbursed for those courses.
- 22. In addition, on or about April 15, 2003, Plaintiff was told by Tom Demy that her request for relocation to Austin, Texas was approved by Barbara Burns. Demy announced this during a conference call between Plaintiff, Cyndi Paul, Kathy Murfitt, and Rick Champagne. On or about July 9, 2004, Paul called Plaintiff into her office about an e-mail Paul received regarding Plaintiff's relocation. Paul informed Burns via e-mail that the move had been approved by Demy. On or about August 4, 2004, Plaintiff wrote Demy an e-mail about the upcoming relocation to which Demy responded that the move had not been approved by Burns.

#### Termination:

23. On April 29, 2004, Plaintiff was at work going about her normal course of business when she came across a written document which indicated that she was going to be terminated. Plaintiff informed her supervisors about the document that she had seen. Plaintiff became very nervous and sick as a result of suddenly finding out she was being terminated. Tom Demy told Plaintiff to go ahead and take Friday off and start her one-week vacation a day early, since he felt bad about how she found out about the termination. Plaintiff was told that they would discuss the situation when she came back from vacation.

- 24. While Plaintiff was out on vacation, a fellow employee informed Plaintiff that an unusual e-mail had been sent out to employees by Linda Neil on May 3, 2004. The e-mail strictly warned them not to allow any employees into the building without a badge. Further, the e-mail stated that any employee without a badge should not be allowed inside except under the approval of Scott Gunn. On or about April 30, 2004 Plaintiff's badges were deactivated. Plaintiff contends that since she had the keys, the locks to the buildings were also changed on May 4, 2004. On or about April 10, 2004 when Plaintiff returned to work from her vacation, she found that she could not gain access to the building. Mike Warren, an employee, told Plaintiff that she was no longer an employee. Plaintiff was not allowed to enter the building and clean out her office.
- 25. That same day, Plaintiff spoke to Cyndi Paul to get some answers. Paul told Plaintiff that she felt bad about how the situation had been handled. Paul also told Plaintiff that Plaintiff should have received packages with her final check and other paperwork. Plaintiff did ecceive a severance package which she was told included four weeks more than what she should have been eligible for. However, Plaintiff still did not receive her final payroll check. Plaintiff spoke to Paul about the problem. When Plaintiff finally received her final check, GTECH put a stop-payment on the check. GTECH eventually paid her with an additional 60 days of penalties for various labor code violations.
- 26. Plaintiff contends that Barbara Burns, Corporate Director of GTECH Human Resources Department held a meeting on or about May 7, 2004 informing staff in Rhode Island that if they spoke to Plaintiff, they would face immediate termination. On or about May 10, 2004, For Demy gave Sacramento employees the same warning. On or about June 2, 2004, Maggie Gonia, another GTECH employee, informed Plaintiff that she was not allowed to talk to Plaintiff about Plaintiff's tuition reimbursements, per Demy because it was a legal matter. On or about tune 21, 2004, GTECH employees in Texas were also told not to speak to Plaintiff, per Demy and Stephen Kelley, Texas Consolidated Data Center Manager.

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# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation in Violation of California Government Code §§ 12920, 1240, et Seq.)

- Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 26 of her 27. complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- At all times mentioned in this Complaint, California Constitution Article I, Section and Government Codes 12920 and 1940 et Seq. were in full force and effect and binding on Defendant. These sections require Defendant to refrain from harassing, discriminating and etaliating against any employee on the basis of gender, or medical condition. The statements and onduct on the part of the Defendants complained of herein (and specifically in Paragraphs 7-26) epresent a violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act and California Government Codes 2920 and 12940 et Seq. Within the time provided by law, Plaintiff filed a complaint with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing and received a right-to-sue letter.
- As a proximate result of Defendant's conduct, as more fully alleged in paragraphs 29. - 26, above, Plaintiff has lost wages and benefits and other out of pocket losses and has suffered nd continues to suffer humiliation, emotional distress, and mental and physical pain and anguish, Il to her damage in a sum according to proof at time of trial.
- As a further proximate result of Defendant's conduct and the consequences proximately caused by it, Plaintiff has suffered medical and related expenses in an amount ecording to proof at time of trial.
- The above described actions were done with malice, fraud, oppression and in 31. eckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights and were despicable in character and warrant the imposition of punitive damages in a sum sufficient to punish and deter Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter set forth.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

[Wrongful Termination in Violation of Public Policy]

Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 31 of her 32.

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Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- At all times mentioned in this Complaint, California Constitution Article I, Section and Government Codes 12920 and 1940 et Seq. were in full force and effect and binding on Defendant. These sections require Defendant to refrain from harassing, discriminating and etaliating against any employee on the basis of gender, or for exercising her right to medical eave. Defendant violated California law and public policy and engaged in questionable business practices and those acts on the part of Defendant led directly to Plaintiff's termination.
- In terminating Plaintiff as described above, Defendant violated public policy as 34. ollows:
  - Defendant violated the Fair Employment and Housing Act relating to a) gender discrimination and harassment and California public policy.
  - Defendant violated public policy by failing to comply with 29 USC b) Chapter 28 and Government Code § 12945.1 et Seq. which make it unlawful for an employer to discharge and/or discriminate against any employee because of the individual's exercise of the right to medical leave provided by these statutes.
  - Defendant violated the policy enunciated in §132a of the c) California Labor Code which provides that there should not be discrimination against workers who are injured in the course and scope of their employment.
  - Defendant violated California Civil Code § 56.20 which makes it unlawful d) for an employer to disclose or knowingly permit its employees or agents to use or disclose medical information pertaining to its employees without an authorization signed by the employee permitting such disclosure.
  - Defendant employer violated the California Labor Code §216 and e) California Public Policy by failing to comply with the employment agreement and with said statute in failing and refusing to pay the wages due Plaintiff with the intent to annoy, harass, oppress, delay, and defraud Plaintiff.
    - Defendant employer violated public policy by failing to comply with f)

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Labor Code §201. This section provides that prompt payment of wages due an employee is a fundamental public policy of the state. Where an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge are due and payable immediately.

- 35. As a result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has lost and continues to lose income and benefits and has suffered other incidental and consequential lamages and expenses in an amount according to proof at time of trial. Plaintiff claims such an amount as damages together with prejudgment interest pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure and/or other provisions of law providing for prejudgment interest.
- 36. As a result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has become mentally traumatized, distressed and aggravated. Plaintiff claims general damages for mental distress in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 37. As a further proximate result of Defendants' conduct and the consequences proximately caused by it, Plaintiff has suffered medical and related expenses in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter set forth.

# THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

# [Breach of Express Contract]

- 38. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 37 of her Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 39. Defendant breached its express contract with Plaintiff by violating several promises and representations made to Plaintiff which were bargained for by Plaintiff or on which Plaintiff relied in accepting and continuing her employment and certain conditions thereof.
- 40. First, Defendant entered into an employment agreement with Plaintiff that consisted of, but was not limited to, rules relating to employee conduct and discipline which included well-defined, graduated steps which, the rules provide, shall be utilized by supervisors prior to their disciplining or terminating their employees.

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- Third, In September 2003, Cyndi Paul informed Plaintiff that she could get promoted to HR Representative only after she received a Certificate of Human Resource Studies. Plaintiff was also guaranteed that the GTECH would reimburse her for the courses. Based on this express assurance, Plaintiff enrolled in and completed six online courses toward a Certificate of Human Resource Studies from Cornell's School of Industry and Labor Relations. Plaintiff was further enrolled in six courses when at the time of her unexpected termination, none of these six courses were paid for.
- 43. On or about April 10, 2004, Defendants breached the above stated agreements by terminating Plaintiff without payment of the amounts due to her, without warning, without counseling, without adequate reason and without an adequate investigation into the alleged basis for the termination.
- 44. Plaintiff has performed all conditions, covenants, and promises required by her to be performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contracts described above insofar as the defendant will allow. At all times Plaintiff has been a dedicated and loyal employee and was willing to perform all the conditions of the employment agreement.
- As a proximate result of Defendants' aforesaid acts, Plaintiff has lost, and will continue to lose, income, bonuses and benefits, and has suffered and continues to suffer consequential and incidental damages, plus expenses incurred, all in an amount to be proven at ime of trial. Plaintiff claims such an amount as damages together with prejudgment interest pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure and/or other provisions of law providing for prejudgment interest.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter set forth.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

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27 28 [Breach of Implied-In-Fact Promise Not To Terminate But For Good Cause]

- Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 45 of her 46. Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- Defendants' policies, standards and practices included a promise on Plaintiff's raployer's part not to terminate Plaintiff in the absence of good cause.
- Defendants did in fact terminate Plaintiff without good cause in violation of the 48. bove indicated agreement. (As more fully alleged in paragraphs 7 - 26, above.).
- Plaintiff has performed all conditions, covenants, and promises required of her on her part to be performed in accordance with Defendants' policies, standards and practices. On or about April 10, 2004, Defendants breached the contract by terminating Plaintiff without good ause.
- As a result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has lost and 50. ontinues to lose income and benefits and has suffered other incidental consequential damages and expenses in an amount according to proof at time of trial. Plaintiff claims such an amount as lamages together with prejudgment interest pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure and/or ther provisions of law providing for prejudgment interest.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter set forth.

# FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# [Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing]

- Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 50 of her 51. omplaint as though fully set forth herein.
- At all times herein mentioned Plaintiff was employed by Defendant GTECH, Inc., 52. s an Administrative Assistant I and had additional duty as Security Coordinator. Plaintiff commenced her employment with Defendant starting in November 20, 2000, and was employed with Defendant until her termination on May 10, 2004.

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<i>5</i> 3.	The employment relationship between Plaintiff and Defendant was subject to
ovenant of go	ood faith and fair dealing which required, inter alia, the following:

- a. That each party in the relationship act with good faith toward the other concerning all matters relating to the employment;
- b. That each party in the relationship act with fairness towards the other concerning all matters relating to the employment:
- c. That neither party take action to unfairly prevent the other from obtaining the benefits of the employment relationship;
- d. That Defendant employers and its agents treat similarly situated employees in a similar manner;
- e. That Defendant employers and its agents comply with its own representations, policies, standards and practices in dealing with Plaintiff;
- f. That defendant employers not terminate Plaintiff without fair and honest cause, regulated by good faith on said Defendants' part;
  - g. That Defendant employers not terminate Plaintiff in an unfair manner; and
- h. That Defendant employers give Plaintiff's interest as much consideration as it gave its own interest.
- 54. California law requires that an employer exercise good faith and deal fairly in its elationships with employees. Some of the terms of the employment agreement were:
  - a. In exchange for services, Plaintiff would receive a salary and other benefits from Defendant employers;
  - b. The parties agreed to treat each other in accordance with the constitution and the laws of the State of California; as well as in accordance with the policies, standards and practices defendants:
  - c. Plaintiff would have a job so long as she performed her duties in a satisfactory manner, and discharge, if any, would occur only for just cause, and only in accordance with the company's policies, standards and practices as well as the specific

assurances ma	de to Plaintiff;
đ.	Defendant employers would give Plaintiff reasonable prior notice of any
changes in co	mpany policies standards and practices which applied to Plaintiff and of any
	ms, duties or conditions of her employment;

- e. Discipline or termination would take place only for just cause and would occur only after a series of progressive steps were undertaken;
- 55. Defendants' termination of Plaintiff's employment was in bad faith, arbitrary, unfair and wrongful which means Defendants breached the covenant of good faith and fair dealing since:
  - a. Defendant terminated Plaintiff's employment notwithstanding the fact that she had not violated the rules, procedures and expectations communicated to her by Defendants.
  - b. Defendant employer's conduct violated its promises to Plaintiff as well as its own rules, regulations and practices in that the termination of Plaintiff was a retaliatory and unlawful response to Plaintiff's continued and persistent request for the earnings that Defendant had promised her.
  - c. Defendant employer's conduct violated its promises to Plaintiff as well as its own rules, regulations and practices in that the termination was without good cause and was without an adequate investigation.
  - d. Defendant employer violated its own express policies and procedures and its contract with Plaintiff and those violations led directly to Plaintiff's termination. The violations by Defendant employer included the violation of express representations relating to compensation to be received by Plaintiff during the period of time he was employed at GTECH.
- 56. As a proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendant, Plaintiff has lost and continues to lose income and benefits and has suffered other incidental and consequential lamages and expenses in an amount according to proof at time of trial. Plaintiff claims such an

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mount as damages together with prejudgment interest pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure and/or other provisions of law providing for prejudgment interest.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter set forth.

# SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# [Fraud and Deceit: False Promise]

- Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 56 of her 57. Complaint as fully set forth herein.
- Defendants harmed Plaintiff by making false promises to Plaintiff with regard to 58. ertain benefits and conditions of employment and promotion.
- In September 2001, Plaintiff was offered a significant bonus in exchange for 59. accepting a substantial increase in responsibility. Specifically, Plaintiff was offered a bonus of \$5,000.00 or more to accept the responsibilities of an employee who was going on maternity eave. This promise was a significant factor in Plaintiff's acceptance of the additional esponsibilities.
- Defendant had no intention of performing the promise when the promise was 60. nade. Plaintiff approached Tom Demy on various occasions to ask for the promised amount. Demy refused to acknowledge Plaintiff's requests and flat-out ignored Plaintiff's inquiries. Plaintiff was terminated and was never paid the promised amount.
- Defendant made the representation that Plaintiff would receive a bonus 61. with the intention of inducing Defendant to accept the job and perform the extensive duties of the position while the other employee remained on leave.
- Plaintiff did, in fact, reasonably rely on Defendants' promise that she would 62. eceive a \$5,000.00+ bonus as a condition of her acceptance of additional duties.
- Despite Plaintiff's repeated inquiries with regard to the failure of Defendants to 63. pay the bonus, Defendants did not perform the promised act of paying Plaintiff the bonus.
- As a proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has lost 64. nd continues to lose income and benefits and has suffered other incidental and consequential

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mount as damages together with prejudgment interest pursuant to California Code of Civil	
Procedure and/or other provisions of law providing for prejudgment interest.	

- 65. As a further proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has become mentally traumatized, distressed and aggravated. Plaintiff claims general damages for mental distress in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 66. As a further proximate result of Defendants' conduct and the consequences proximately caused by it, Plaintiff has suffered medical and related expenses in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 67. The above described actions were done with malice, fraud, oppression and in eckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights and were despicable in character and warrant the imposition of punitive damages in a sum sufficient to punish and deter Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter set forth.

# SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# [Intentional Misrepresentation of Facts]

- 68. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 67 of her Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 69. In September 2003, Plaintiff was promised a promotion to HR Representative if she received a Certificate of Human Resource Studies. Plaintiff was also specifically guaranteed that her courses would be reimbursed by Defendant. Based on these express assurances, Plaintiff enrolled in and completed six online courses toward a Certificate of Human Resource Studies from Cornell's School of Industry and Labor Relations. Plaintiff also enrolled in and paid for six courses which she did not get the opportunity to complete before she was terminated. Plaintiff was neither promoted nor reimbursed for the cost of the last six courses she was enrolled in.
- 70. Plaintiff contends that Defendants made these representations to her recklessly and without regard for their truth for the purpose of temporarily appearing and/or delaying Plaintiff

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from receiving a well deserved and past due promotion. Further, Plaintiff contends that these epresentations were made recklessly because Defendants failed to inform Plaintiff of her ermination until the last minute, and after Plaintiff had signed up for and paid for additional courses. In fact, Defendants did not perform as promised but instead terminated Plaintiff and siled to reimburse her for the courses.

- Plaintiff, at the time these representations were made by Defendants and at the 71. ime Plaintiff took the actions herein alleged, was ignorant of the falsity of Defendants' epresentations and believed them to be true. In reliance on these representations, Plaintiff was nduced to and did enroll herself in study courses specifically for the purpose of receiving a promotion with GTECH. Plaintiff's reliance on Defendants' representations was justified because Plaintiff had no reason to believe Defendants did not represent the truth of various facts stated.
- As a proximate result of the fraudulent conduct of Defendants as herein alleged, 72. Plaintiff was induced to rely on the representations of Defendants as they pertained to her enrollment in courses and promotion.
- As a further proximate result of both of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, 73. Plaintiff has lost and continues to lose income and benefits and has suffered other incidental and onsequential damages and expenses in an amount according to proof at time of trial. Plaintiff laims such an amount as damages together with prejudgment interest pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure and/or other provisions of law providing for prejudgment interest.
- As a proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has 74. secome mentally traumatized, distressed and aggravated. Plaintiff claims general damages for nental distress in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- As a further proximate result of Defendants' conduct and the consequences 75, proximately caused by it, Plaintiff has suffered medical and related expenses in an amount ccording to proof at time of trial.
- The above described actions were done with malice, fraud, oppression and in 76. eckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights and were despicable in character and warrant the imposition

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# EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# [Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress]

Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 76 of her 77. Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

Defendants knew or should have known that their insensitive and unlawful 78. etaliation against Plaintiff was completely unwarranted, humiliating, demcaning, threatening and would cause Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress.

- Defendants deliberately and intentionally engaged in the aforementioned acts of 79. etaliation in order to cause Plaintiff severe emotional distress; alternatively, Plaintiff alleges that he Defendants' conduct was done with a reckless disregard that said conduct would cause her evere emotional distress.
- The foregoing conduct did, in fact, proximately cause Plaintiff to suffer severe 80. motional distress. As a proximate result of said conduct, Plaintiff suffered embarrassment, inxiety, humiliation, emotional distress, and will continue to suffer said emotional distress in an mount in excess of a minimum jurisdiction of this court, the precise amount of which will be proven at time of trial.
- As a proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has 81. ecome mentally traumatized, distressed and aggravated. Plaintiff claims general damages for mental distress in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- As a further proximate result of the Defendants' conduct and the consequences 82. proximately caused by it, Plaintiff has suffered medical and related expenses in an amount ecording to proof at time of trial.
- The above described actions were done with malice, fraud, oppression and in 83. eckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights and were despicable in character and warrant the imposition of punitive damages against Defendants in a sum sufficient to punish and deter Defendant.

12 BEYER, FONGRATZ & ROSEN Professional Law Corporation 3230 Ramos Circle 14

> 26 27

		CM-010
	where and address?	FOR COURT USE ONLY
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY INSIDE SEEDS DATE ETAIL E. Rosen (Bar # 173728)	MITTER, ORD SERVICES.	ENGORSE
- PEVER PONGRATZ & RUSEN, 3	230 Ramos Circle	
Sacramento, CA 95827 TELEPHONE NO.: (916) 369-9750 FA	CNO.: (916) 369-9760	O4 DEC 15 AV.
ATTORNEY FOR Mame: Plaintiff Brandy Hastin	168	GADEC 15 AHII: 84
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiff Brandy Hastin Superior Court of California County of SACRA STREET ADDRESS: 720 Ninth Street	UNENTO	LEGAL PROCESS #
MARING ADDRESS: SATTLE:		
CITY AND ZP CODE: SECTEMENTO 95814		
CASE NAME:		
Hastings v. GTECH Corporation, et a		CASE NUMBER:
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	
X Unfimited Limited	Counter Joinder	04805024
(Amount (Amount demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defendant	napage:
demanded demanded is exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 1811)	DEPT:
	ns below must be completed (see instructio	ns on page 2).
1. Check one box below for the case type that		
1. Check one box below for the case type the Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Liftgation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 1800–1812)
Uninsured motorist (45)	Collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)  Construction defect (10)
Other PUPD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Asbestos (04) Product liability (24)	Real Property  Eminent domain/Inverse	Environmental /Toxic tort (30)
Medical maipractice (45)	condemnation (14)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Other mail property (26)	Enforcement of Judgment
Business tort/unfair business practice (0)	7) Uniawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Civil rights (08)	Commercial (31)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Defamation (13) Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	MICO (27) Other complaint (not specified above) (42).
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Professional negligence (25)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)-
Employment	Whit of mendate (02)	
X Wrongful termination (36)	Other judicial review (39)	
Other employment (15)		at the state of the same is company mark the
2. This case isX is not confectors regularing exceptional judicial man	riplex under rule 1800 of the California Rule	s of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
	resented narties d. Large number	of witnesses
b. Extensive motion practice raising	difficult or novel a Coordination w	ith related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consumit	na to resolve in other countie	es, states or countries, or in a federal court
c. Substantial amount of documen		st-judgment judicial supervision
3. Type of remedies sought (check all that		punitive
a. X monetary b. nonmonetal nonmonetal number of causes of action (specify): El		<u></u>
	less action suit	)
Date:December 13, 2004	. \ 0	$\nearrow$
ETAN E. ROSEN, ESC	).	
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	(Sic	ENRIPURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
	NOTICE	a forcent email claims rasks or rasks filed
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the under the Probets Family or Walfare at the Probe	le first paper filed in the action or proceeding and institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, I	g (except small claims cases or cases filed rule 201.8.) Fallure to file may result in
sanctions.		
Eile this source chast in addition to any co	over sheet required by local court rule.	must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
<ul> <li>If this case is complex under rule 1800 e</li> <li>other parties to the action or proceeding.</li> </ul>	r seq, or the California Kules of Court, you i	must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
- Unless this is a complex case, this cover	sheet will be used for statistical purposes of	only. Page 1 of 2

01/04/2005 aste: 2005-cv 10006307 AICE-GGH Document 12 2 po Fide 22 20 Page 23 of 36 27

Haatings v. GIEC.1 04A505924

# Superior Court of California County of Sacramento

# Program Case Notice

The Accelerated Civil Trial Case Management Program, (A.C.T.) requires the following timelines to be met in all cases except those that are excluded by California Rules of Court section 207(b):

Although	at a served on all named defendants		
Service of Summons Summons, complaint and program case notice must be served on all named of			
•	and proofs of service on those defendants must be filed with the court within 60 days		
	from the filing of the complaint.		
	When the complaint is amended to add a new defendant, the added defendant must be		
	When the complaint is amended to and a new determine, me acted distinguished with the filing of the		
,	served and proofs of service must be filed within 30 days after the filing of the		
•	amended complaint.		
	A cross-complaint adding a new party must be served and proofs of service must be		
	filed with the court 30 days from the filing of the cross-complaint.		
	If a statement of damages pursuant to Section 425.11 of the Code of Civil Procedure or		
Statement of	II 2 Statement of damages pursuant to account 425.11 of the correct with the summons and		
Damages	a statement of punitive damages is required, it must be served with the summons and		
	complaint		
Certificate of	Within 75 days of the filing of the complaint, plaintiff must file a certificate of service		
Service/Progress	or a certificate of amoress on a form provided by the court.		
Responsive Pleadings If a responsive pleading is not served within the time limits and no extension of			
	has been granted, the plaintiff within 10 days after the time for service has elapse		
	must file a request for entry of default.		
	Parties may stipulate without leave of court to one 15-day extension beyond the 30-day		
,	time period prescribed for the response after service of the initial complaint.		
	No extensions of time to respond beyond 105 days from the filing of the complaint		
	may be given		
Judgment by Default	When a default is entered, the party who requested the entry of default must apply for a		
Ang Sment na Detrage	default judgment against the defaulting party within 45 days after entry of default,		
,	unless the court has granted an extension of time.		
	The court will serve a notice of case management conference on all parties		
Case Management	approximately 120 days after the complaint is filed. A case management conference		
Statement	approximately 1.20 days after the complaint is filed. A case management compared to the date set for the case		
	statement shall be filed at least 15 calendar days prior to the date set for the case		
	management conference.		
-Meet and Confer	Parties must meet and confer, in person or by telephone as required in California Rules		
	of Court 212(f) at least 30 calendar days before the case management conference date.		
Case Management	A case management conference is generally held within 180 days of the filing of the		
Conference	complaint.		

Failure to comply with the program rules may result in the imposition of sanctions or an order to show cause. Please refer to Local Rules 11.00 (C.M.P.) to 11.19 (C.M.P.) for more information.

NOTE: THIS NOTICE MUST BE SERVED WITH THE SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT.

01/04/2305Cas6 2005-c519363304101CE-GGH Docum 6101412-2704151164012018/1251405 Page 24 of 366E 23

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NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

GTECH Corporation, and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE): Brandy Hastings

UM-100

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county har association.

Tiene 30 DIAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copie el demandante. Une carte o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Pueda encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, as posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro, en el sitio web de California Legal Services. (www.tawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/seifhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

04AS05924 CASE NUMBER: (Alumano del Caso). The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es): Superior Court of California, County of Sacramento, 720 Ninth Street same, Sacramento, CA 95814 The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Etan E. Rosen (Bar # 173728) BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN Phone No. (916) 369-9750 3230 Ramos Círcle Fax No. (916) 369-9760 Sacramento, CA 95827 , Deputy Clerk, by . DATE: (Adjunto) DEC 15 214 (Secretario) (Fecha) (For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).) (Para prueba de entrega de esta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)). ICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served as an individual defendant.

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County of Salar	
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as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify);

on behalf of (specify): GTECH Corporation

nder. CCP 416.10 (corporation)

CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)

other (specify). by personal delivery on (date):

Code at Civil Prosedum \$5 412.20, 46\$

SUMMONS

LaxisNexis@ Automated California Judicial Council Forms

CCP 416.90 (authorized person)

CCP 416.60 (minor)

CCP 415.70 (conservatee)

# 01/04/2005Cass 2005-c%-0005306MCE-GGH DocumENER-20NARE0705/28/05 Page 25 of \$6GE 24

f	PQS-010
	FOR DOURT USE ONLY
ATTORNEY OR PARTY MYHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, L. Jarroumber, and aediess):  Etan E. Rosen (Bar # 173728)  BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN  3230 Ramos Circle, Sacramento, CA 95827  TELEPHONE NO.: (916) 369-9750 FAX NO. (Optional). (916) 369-9760  E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): erosen@bprlaw.det  ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiff Brandy Hastings  SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO  BTREET ADDRESS: 720 Ninth Street	
MAILING ADDRESS: SAMIC CITY AND ZIP CODE: Sacramento 95814	
BRANCH NAME:	AND MINISTER
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Brandy Hastings	CASE NUMBER:
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: GTECH Corporation	Ref. No. or File No.:
PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS	ALL NO.
(Separate proof of service is required for each part	y served.)
<ol> <li>At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action.</li> <li>I served copies of:</li> </ol>	
a. summons b. complaint c. Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) package d. Civil Case Cover Sheet (served in complex cases only) e. cross-complaint f. other (specify documents):  3. a. Party served (specify name of party as shown on documents served): b. Person served: party in item 3s other (specify name and relation	nship to the party named in Item 3a):
4. Address where the party was served:	
<ol> <li>I served the party (check proper box)</li> <li>a. by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in its receive service of process for the party. (1) on (date):</li> </ol>	(2) 21 (3)
b. by substituted service. On (date): at (time): In the presence of (name and title or relationship to person indicated in	I left the documents listed in item 2 with or item 3b):
(1) (business) a person at least 15 years of age apparently in of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the get	neral retare of the purposes
(2) [horne) a competent member of the household (at least 18 place of abode of the party. I informed him or her of the ge	meral hamie of the bakers.
(3) (physical address unknown) a person at least 18 years of address of the person to be served, other than a United State of the papers.	of age apparently in charge at the usual mailing tates Postal Service post office box. I informed
(4) thereafter mailed (by first-class, postage prepaid) copies at the place where the copies were left (Code Clv. Proc., (date): from (city):	or a declaration of mailing is attached.
(5) attach a declaration of diligence stating actions taken	first to attempt personal service.
	Code of Civil Procedure, § 417.1

Lexis Nexistic Automated California Judicial Council Forms

01/14/2005 13:59 FAX GTECH LEGAL DEPT. Ø 025 81/84/2885 2805-c81686305905 Page 26 of 36 SE CASE NUMBER PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Brandy Handings, et al. DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: GTECH Corporation, ct al. by mall and acknowledgment of receipt of service. I malled the documents listed in item 2 to the party, to the address shown in Item 4, by first-class mail, postage prepaid, (2) from (city): with two copies of the Notice and Acknowledgment of Receipt and a postage-paid return envelope addressed (1) on (date): to me. (Attach completed Notice and Acknowledgement of Receipt.) (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.30.) to an address outside California with return receipt requested. (Gode Civ. Proc., § 415.40.) by other means (specify means of service and authorizing code section): Additional page describing service is attached. The "Notice to the Person Served" (on the summons) was completed as follows: as an individual defendant as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify); b. G. as occupant. On behalf of (specify): d. under the following Cods of Civil Procedure section: 415.95 (business organization, form unknown) ] 418.10 (corporation) 416,60 (minor) 416.20 (defunct corporation) 418.70 (ward or conservatee) 3 416.30 (joint stock company/association) 416.90 (authorized person) 416.40 (association or partnership) 415.46 (occupant) 418.50 (public entity) other. Person who served papers a. Name: b. Address:

- r. Telephone number:
- d. The fee for service was: \$
- e. lam:
  - not a registered California process server. (1)

exempt from registration under Business and Professions Code section 22350(b). (2)

registered California process server;

- Independent contractor. owner employee
- Registration No.:
  - (iii) County:

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

I am a California sheriff or marshal and I certify that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date:

INAME OF PERSON WHO SERVED PAPERS/SHERIFF OR MARSHAL)

(SIGNATURE)

LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & DELEMANT
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
SU UNIVERSITY AVE., SUITE 200
P.O. BOX 255428
SACRAMENTO, CA 95865 (916) 929-1481 www.pswdlaw.com

Answer (00316608.WPD;1)

ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

EXHIBIT

As for a second affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that any recovery on

Plaintiff's claim is barred on the grounds that plaintiff failed to exhaust administrative remedies and failed to properly perfect a right of action.

### **THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

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As and for a third affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that at all times herein, Defendant acted in good faith, and that it took the actions that it did for legitimate, non-discriminatory and non-retaliatory reasons.

### **FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a fourth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges Plaintiff, at all times mentioned in the Complaint, was herself at fault.

### **FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a fourth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges Plaintiff, with the exercise of reasonable diligence and effort, would have and could have mitigated the damages alleged in the Complaint, if there were any, and the resultant damages, if any, complained of in the Complaint were directly and proximately caused by the failure, neglect, and refusal of plaintiff to exercise reasonable diligence and effort to mitigate the damages alleged.

### **SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a sixth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges Plaintiff is guilty of unclean hands, barring her from relief against this answering Defendant.

### **SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a seventh affirmative defense, Defendant alleges Plaintiff was, at all times mentioned in the Complaint, herself guilty of breach of contract.

# **EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for an eighth affirmative defense, Defendant denies the allegations contained in Plaintiff's Complaint, but if such conduct is found to have occurred, Defendant alleges that the conduct was consented to by Plaintiff.

### **NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a ninth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that to the extent Plaintiff seeks damages under California law for emotional and physical distress, Plaintiff's exclusive

PORTER, SCOTT, 28
VEIBERG & DELEHANT
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
MUNIVERSITY AVE. SUITE 200
PO. BOX 255428
SCACRAMENTO, CA 95865
(916) 929-1481

remedy is provided by the Workers' Compensation Act, California Labor Code § 3600, et seq. Alternatively, defendant alleges that it may be entitled to a set-off for any amounts paid to plaintiff pursuant to the California Workers' Compensation Act.

### **TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a tenth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that liability may not be imposed upon it for the acts complained of because it took reasonable steps to prevent and correct work place sexual harassment; Plaintiff unreasonably failed to use the preventive and corrective measures that defendant provided; and reasonable use of Defendant's procedures would have prevented at least some of the harm that Plaintiff claims to have suffered.

### **ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for an eleventh affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff has failed to state facts sufficient to support an award of punitive and exemplary damages against Defendant.

### TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:

As and for a twelfth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by the applicable statutes of limitation.

# THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:

As and for a thirteenth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that it cannot be held liable for punitive damages because, at the time of the alleged acts or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claim for punitive damages, defendant had implemented in good faith one or more policies prohibiting the alleged acts or omissions and/or had otherwise made good faith efforts to comply with applicable law.

# **FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE:**

As and for a fourteenth affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that liability may not be imposed on it for the acts complained of because those acts, if any, were not committed within the course and scope of employment of any employee of Defendant, and/or because Defendant did not know, and should not have known, of the alleged harassment.

///

LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, 28
VEHBERG & DELEHANT
VEMPERSHY AVE, SUITE 100
P.O. BOX 15938
ACRAMENTO, CA 99865
(916) 929-1481
www.pswdlaw.com

LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, VEBERG & BELEHANT PROFESSIONAL COMPORATION SO UNIVERSITY AVE., SUITE 200 P.O. BOX 255-258 SACRAMENTO, CA 95865 (916) 929-1481 WWW.pswdlaw.com

Answer (00316608.WPD;1)

	Case 2:05-cv-00630-MCE-GGH Document 1-2 Filed 03/28/05 Page 31 of 36		
1 2	CASE NAME: Hastings v. GTECH Corporation, et al. CASE NO.: Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 04AS05024		
3	DECLARATION OF SERVICE		
4 5	I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of Sacramento County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within above-entitled action. My business address is P.O. Box 255428, 350 University Avenue, Suite 200, Sacramento,		
, 6	California 95865.		
7	On February 3, 2005, I served the following:		
8	ANSWER TO COMPLAINT		
9 10	XX BY MAIL. I am familiar with this Company's practice whereby the mail, after being placed in a designated area, is given the appropriate postage and is deposited in a U. S. mailbox in the City of Sacramento, California, after the close of the day's business.		
11	Certified Mail/Return Receipt Requested, Article #		
12	BY PERSONAL SERVICE. I caused such document(s) to be delivered by hand to the office of the person(s) listed above.		
13	BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY. I caused the above-listed document(s) to be delivered by overnight delivery to the office of the person(s) listed below.		
14	BY FACSIMILE. I caused the above-listed document(s) to be transmitted by facsimile transmission from (916) 927-3706 to the facsimile number listed below.		
15 16	facsimile transmission from (916) 927-3706 to the facsimile number listed below. The transmission was reported as completed and without error. A copy of the transmission report is attached. The transmission report was properly issued by the transmitting facsimile machine.		
17 18 19	Etan E. Rosen BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN 3230 Ramos Circle Sacramento, CA 95827		
20	Fax #: (916) 369-9760		
21	X State: I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.		
22	X Executed on February 3, 2005, at Sacramento, California,		
23			
24	Penny Adams		
25			
26			
27			
LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & BELEHANT A PROMESSIONAL CORPORATION 150 UNIVERSITY AVE., SUITE 200 P.O. BOX ISSANIR SACRAMENTO, CA. 95865 (916) 929-1481			
www.pswdlaw.c <del>om</del>	Proof of Service		

	Case 2:05-cv-00630-MCE-GGH Document 1-2 Filed 03/28/05 Page 32 of 36		
1 2 3 4 5 6	PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & DELEHANT A Professional Corporation Michael W. Pott, SBN 186156 Justin N. Telford SBN 232335 350 University Avenue, Suite 200 Sacramento, California 95825 (916) 929-1481 (916) 927-3706 (facsimile)  Attorneys for Defendants: GTECH CORPORATION		
7			
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO		
10	BRANDY HASTINGS, CALENDARED CASE NO. 04AS05024		
11	REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF		
12	Plaintiff, 78 ON DAMAGES v.		
13			
14	GTECH, CORPORATION, and DOES 1 Complaint Filed 12/15/04		
15	through 50, inclusive,		
16	Defendants.		
17			
18	TO PLAINTIFF BRANDY HASTINGS AND HER ATTORNEY OF RECORD:		
19	Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 425.11, Defendant requests		
20	that Plaintiff provide Defendant with a statement setting forth the nature and the amount of		
21	damages, both general and special, being sought by Plaintiff herein within fifteen (15) days		
22	after the service hereof.		
23	Dated: March 3, 2005 Respectfully Submitted,		
24	PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & DELEHANT A Professional Corporation)		
25   26			
27	By Nahaal W. Patt		
LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & DELEHANT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 39UNIVERSITY AVE. SUITE 200 P.O. BOX 255438 SACRAMENTO, CA 958655	Michael W. Pott Justin N. Telford		
(916) 929-1481	ONLINGON WITH DECLIEST EOD STATEMENT OF DAMACES		

REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DAMAGES

EXHIBIT E

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	ase 2:05-cv-00630-MCE-GGH	)5 Page 33 of 36	
	Case 2:05-cv-00630-MCE-GGH Document 1-2 Filed 03/28/05 Page 33 of 36		
. 2	CASE NAME: Hastings v. GTECH Corporation, et al. CASE NO.: Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 04AS05024		
3	DECLARATION OF SERVICE		
	I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of Sacramento County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within above-entitled action. My business address is P.O. Box 255428, 350 University Avenue, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95865.		
6	On March 3, 2005, I served the following:		
7 8	REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DA	MAGES	
9	XX BY MAIL. I am familiar with this Company's practice being placed in a designated area is given the appropriate the second process.	tice whereby the mail, after	
10	being placed in a designated area, is given the appropriate postage and is deposited in a U.S. mailbox in the City of Sacramento, California, after the close of the day's business.		
11	☐ Certified Mail/Return Receipt Requested, Artic	- Annual Control of the Control of t	
12	BY PERSONAL SERVICE. I caused such document to the office of the person(s) listed above.	it(s) to be delivered by hand	
13	BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY. I caused the about delivered by overnight delivery to the office of the per-	ve-listed document(s) to be erson(s) listed below.	
14	BY FACSIMILE. I caused the above-listed docum facsimile transmission from (916) 927-3706 to the fac		
15 16	The transmission was reported as completed and wi transmission report is attached. The transmission report transmitting facsimile machine.	thout error. A copy of the	
17 18	Etan E. Rosen BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN 230 Ramos Circle		
19	acramento, CA 95827		
20	ax #: (916) 369-9760		
21	X <b>State:</b> I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws o the foregoing is true and correct.	f the State of California that	
22	X Executed on March 3, 2005, at Sacramento, California		
23		y and the same of	
24	Tanya Gabbe	rt	
25	·		
26			
27			
LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & DELEHANT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 190 UNIVERSITY AVE. SUITE 200 P.O. BOX 235428 SACRAMENTO, CA 95865 (916) 929-1481			
www.pswdlaw.com.	Proof of Service		

EXHIBIT F

BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN

21

Tel: 916-929-1481

23 24

25

27

26

28

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this Declaration was executed on March 17, 2005, at Sacramento, California.

C	ase 2:05-cv-00630-MCE-GGH Document 1-2 Filed 03/28/05 Page 36 of 36
1 2	CASE NAME: Hastings v. GTECH Corporation, et al. CASE NO.: Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 04AS05024 USDC EDCA Case No
3	
4	<u>DECLARATION OF SERVICE</u>
5	I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of Sacramento County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within above-entitled action. My business address is P.O. Box 255428, 350 University Avenue, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95865.
6	On March 28, 2005, I served the following:
7	
8	NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF ACTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. SECTION 1441(b) (DIVERSITY)
9 10	XX BY MAIL. I am familiar with this Company's practice whereby the mail, after being placed in a designated area, is given the appropriate postage and is deposited in a U. S. mailbox in the City of Sacramento, California, after the close of the day's business.  □ Certified Mail/Return Receipt Requested, Article #
11 12	BY PERSONAL SERVICE. I caused such document(s) to be delivered by hand to the office of the person(s) listed above.
13	BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY. I caused the above-listed document(s) to be delivered by overnight delivery to the office of the person(s) listed below.
14	BY FACSIMILE. I caused the above-listed document(s) to be transmitted by facsimile
15	transmission from (916) 927-3706 to the facsimile number listed below. The transmission was reported as completed and without error. A copy of the transmission report is attached. The transmission report was properly issued by the transmitting facsimile machine.
16	
17	Etan E. Rosen BEYER, PONGRATZ & ROSEN
18	3230 Ramos Circle Sacramento, CA 95827
19	Fax #: (916) 369-9760
20	
	X State: I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.
21	
22	X Executed on March 28, 2005, at Sacramento, California.
23	Manual alde-
24	Penny Adams
25	
26	
27	
LAW OFFICES OF PORTER, SCOTT, WEIBERG & DELEHANT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 358 UNIVERSITY AVE., SUITE 200 POL BOX 254228 SACRAMENTO, CA 95865 (916) 929-1481	
www.pswdlaw.com	

Proof of Service